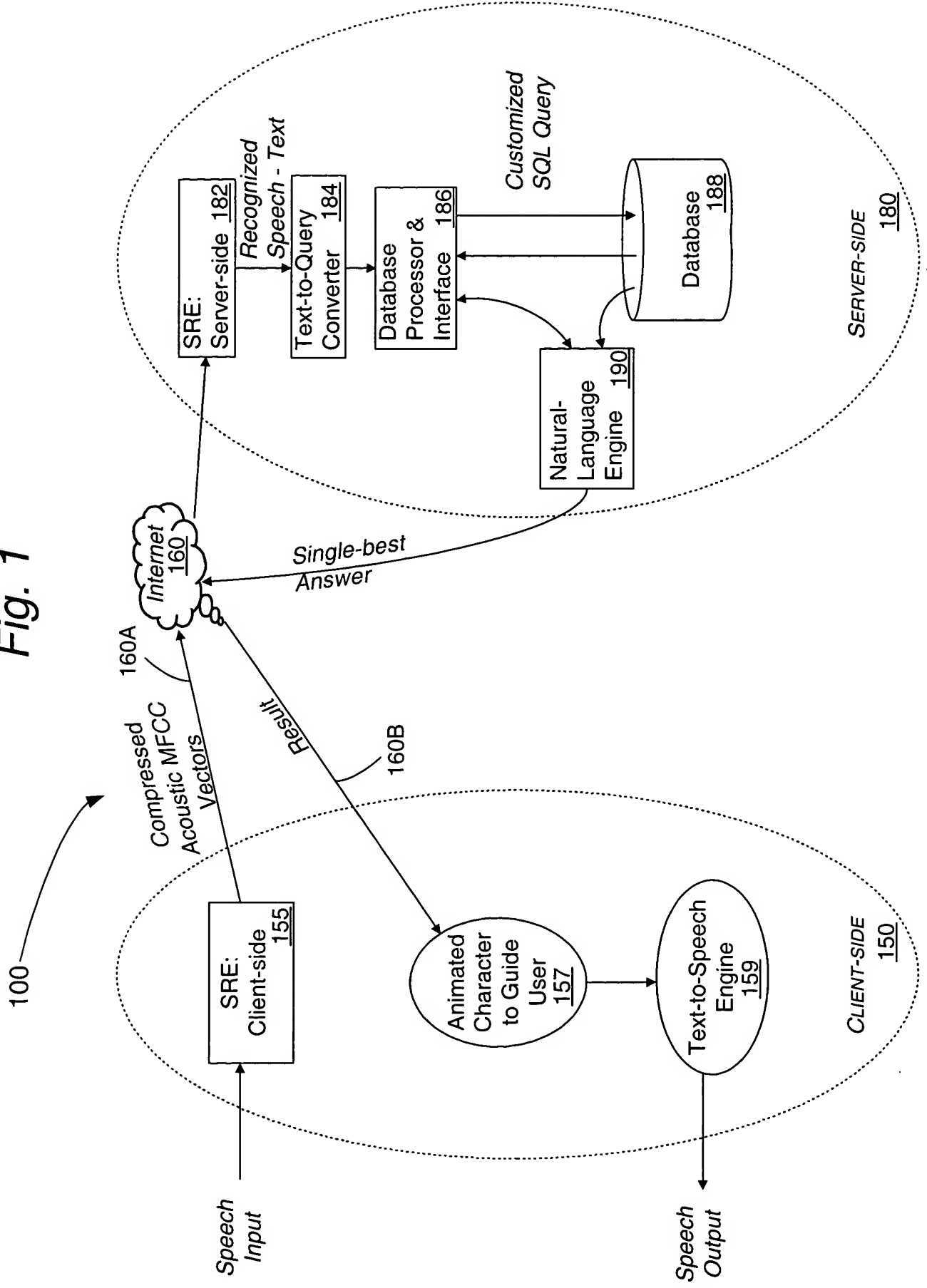
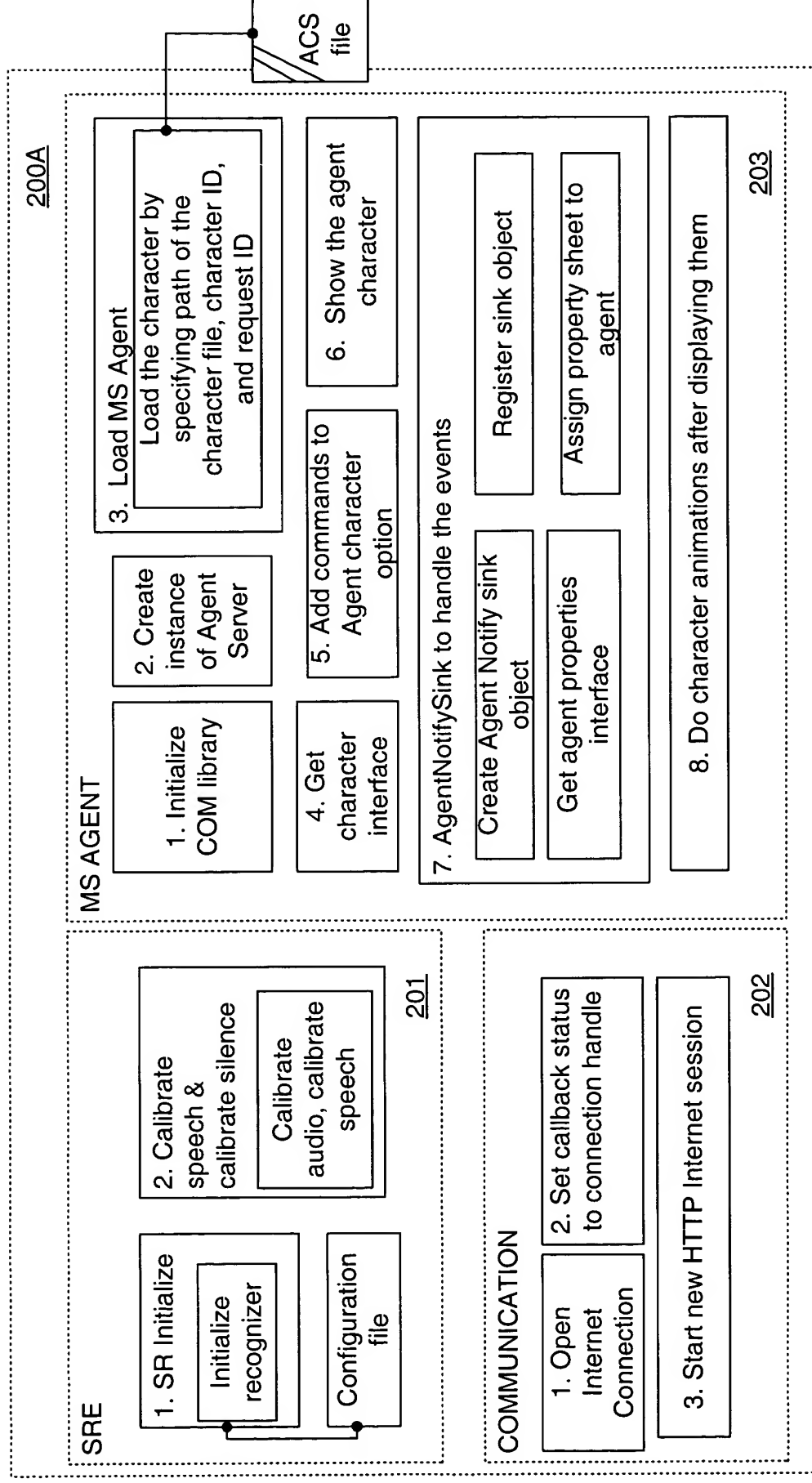


Fig. 1



# Figure 2A

## CLIENT-SIDE SYSTEM LOGIC



# Figure 2B

## CLIENT-SIDE SYSTEM LOGIC

215

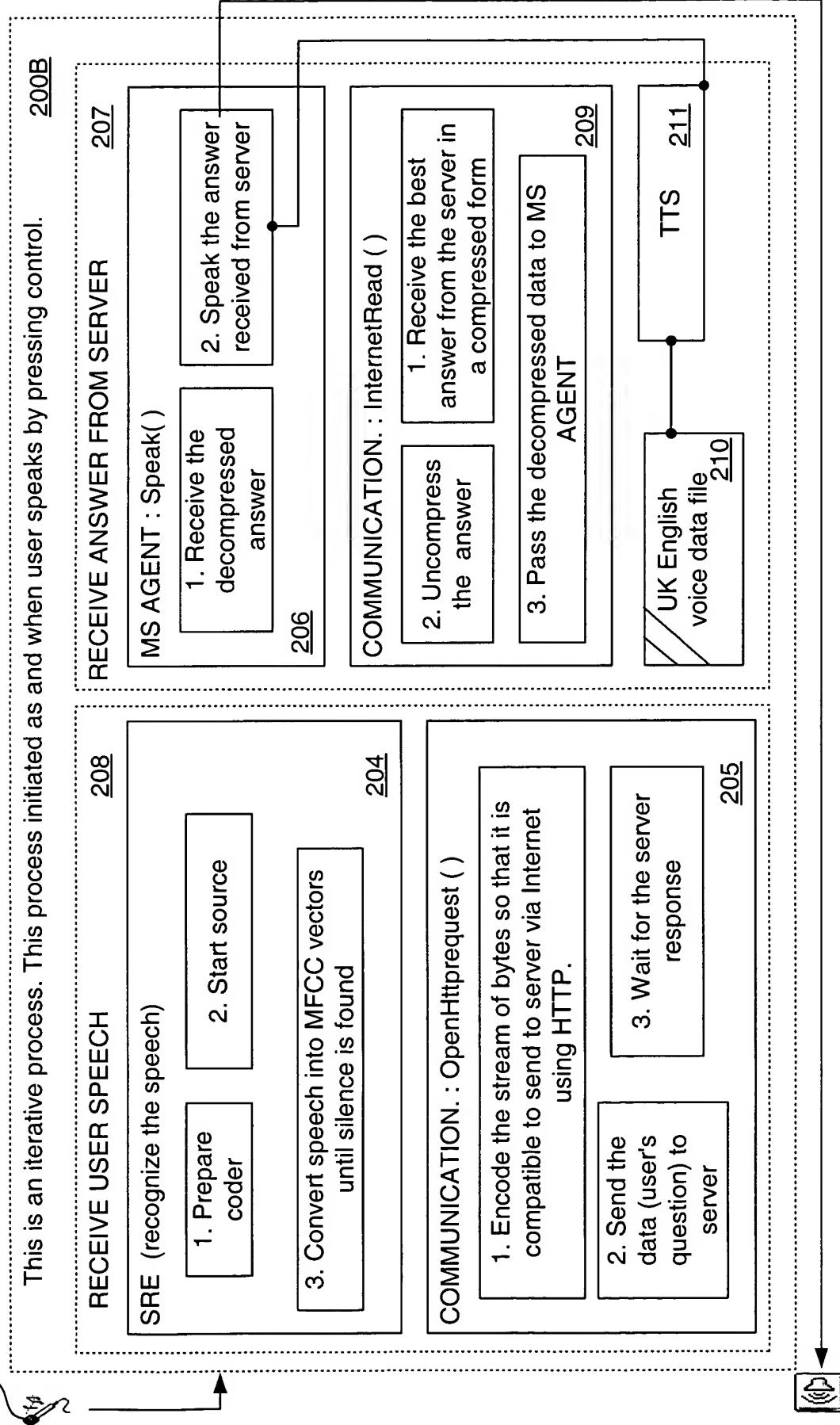
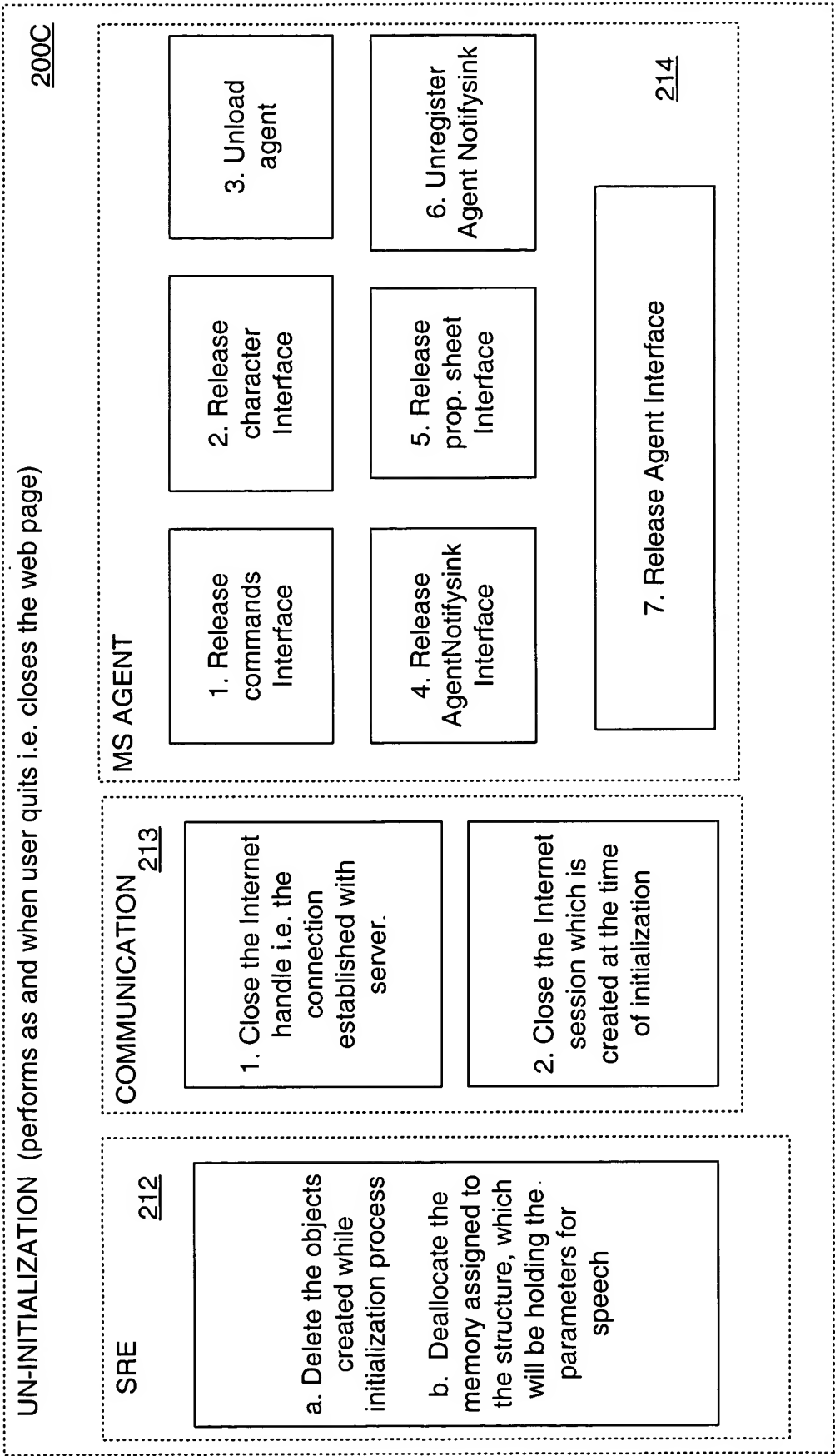
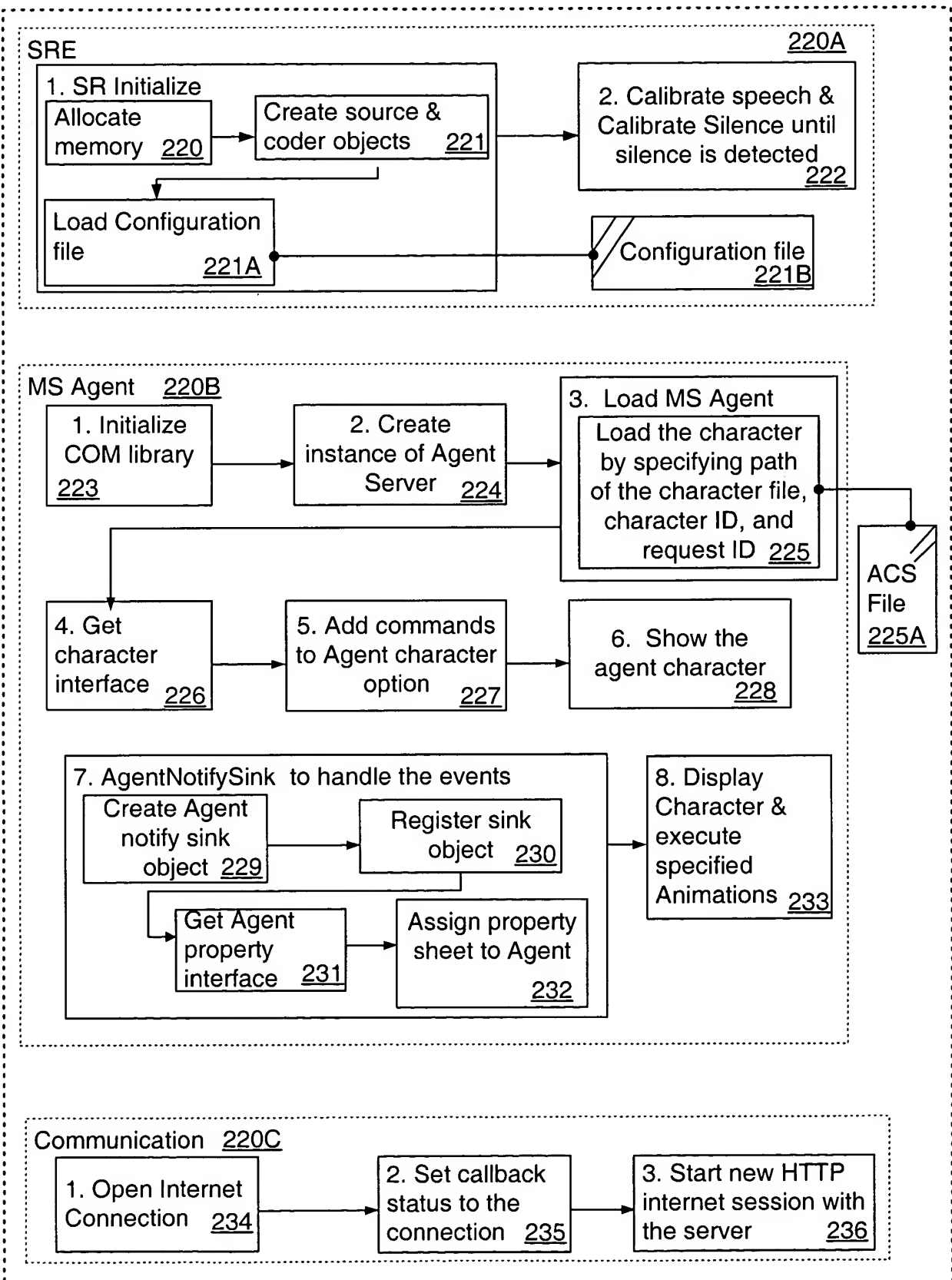


Figure 2C

CLIENT-SIDE SYSTEM LOGIC

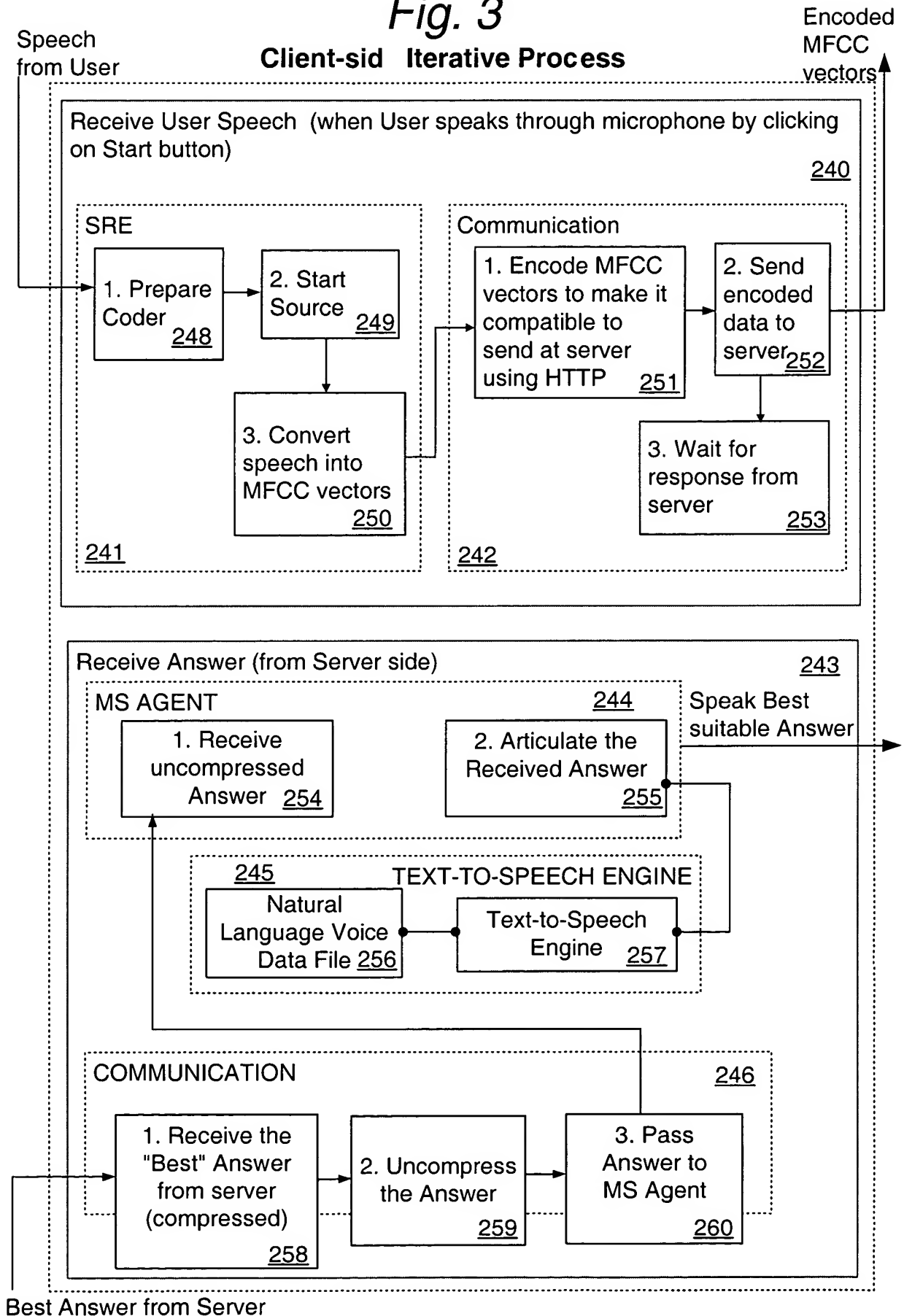


**Fig. 2D**  
**Client-side Initialization**



**Fig. 3**

**Client-sid Iterative Process**



**Fig. 4**  
**Client-side Un-Initialization**

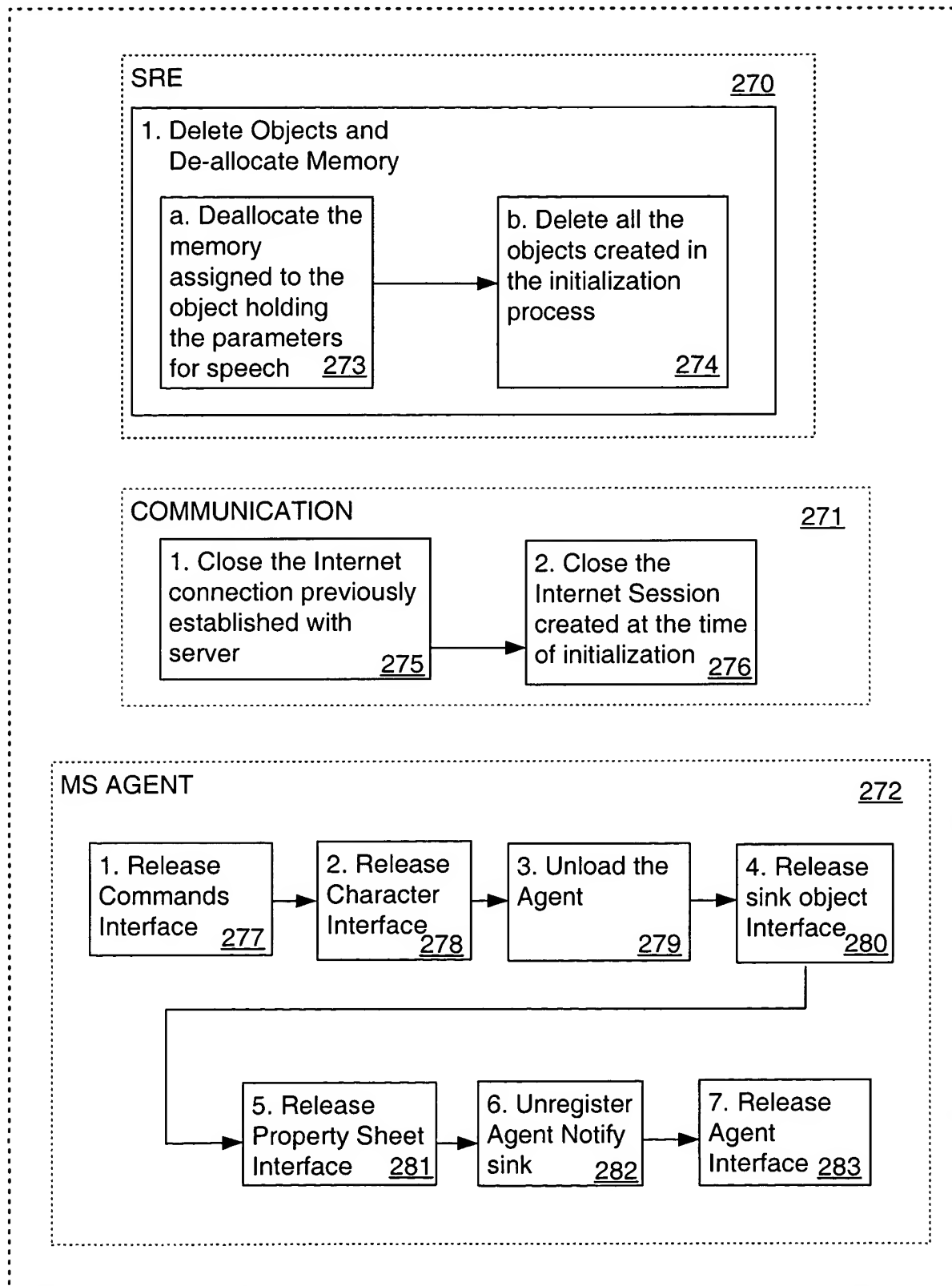
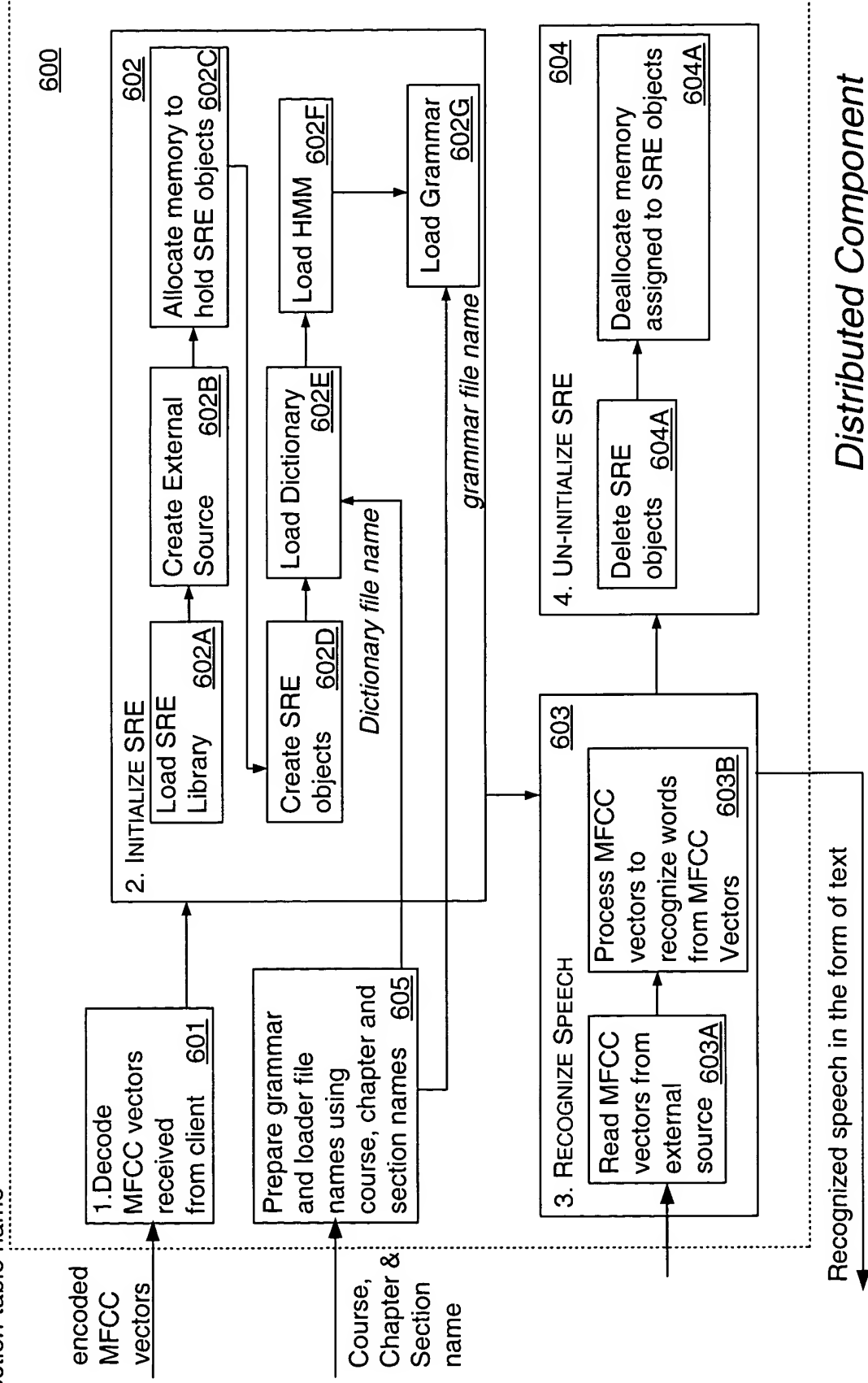


Fig. 4A

Note: course-DB name  
chapter-table name  
section-table name

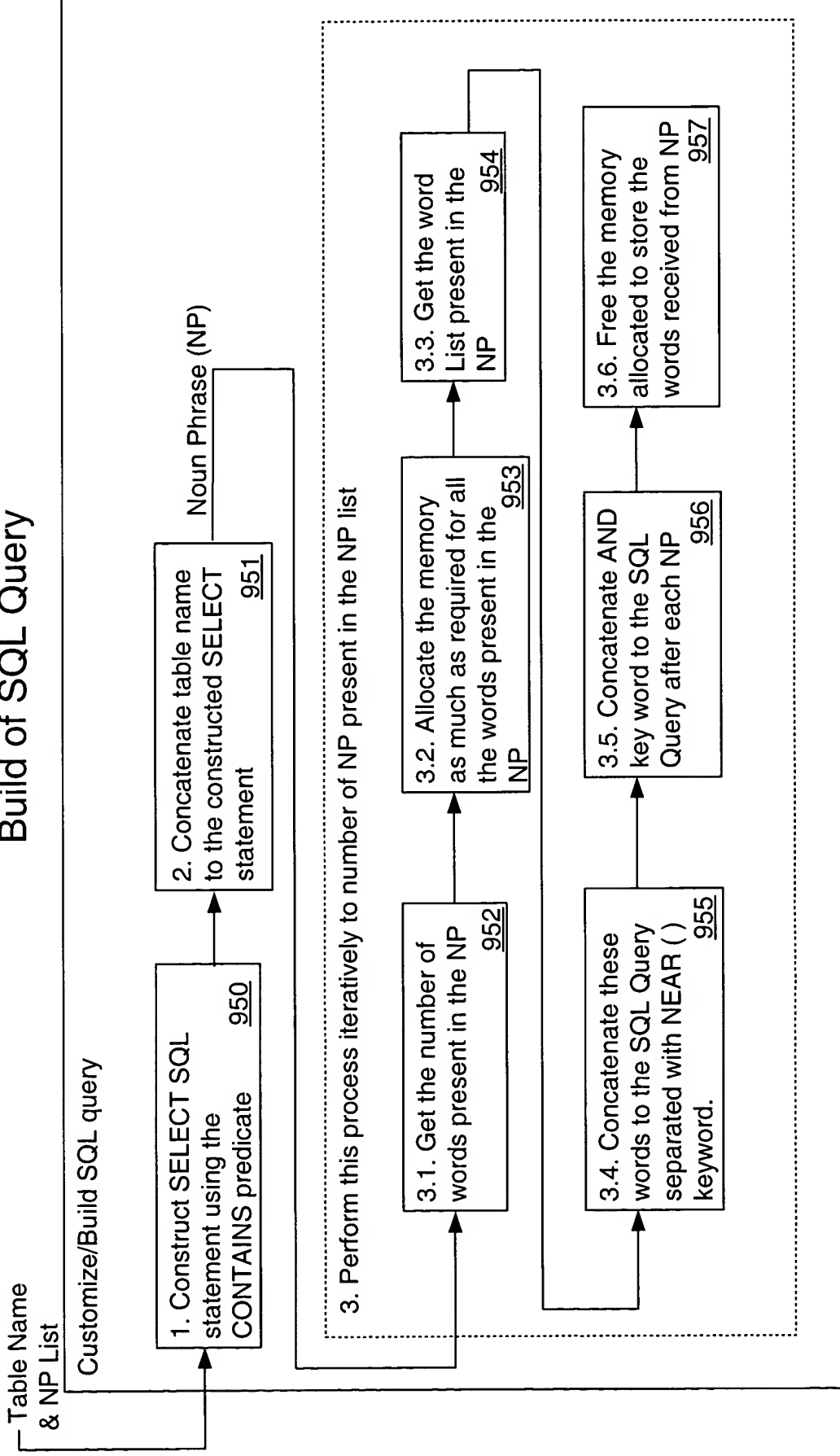


*Distributed Component  
of SRE at Server-Side*



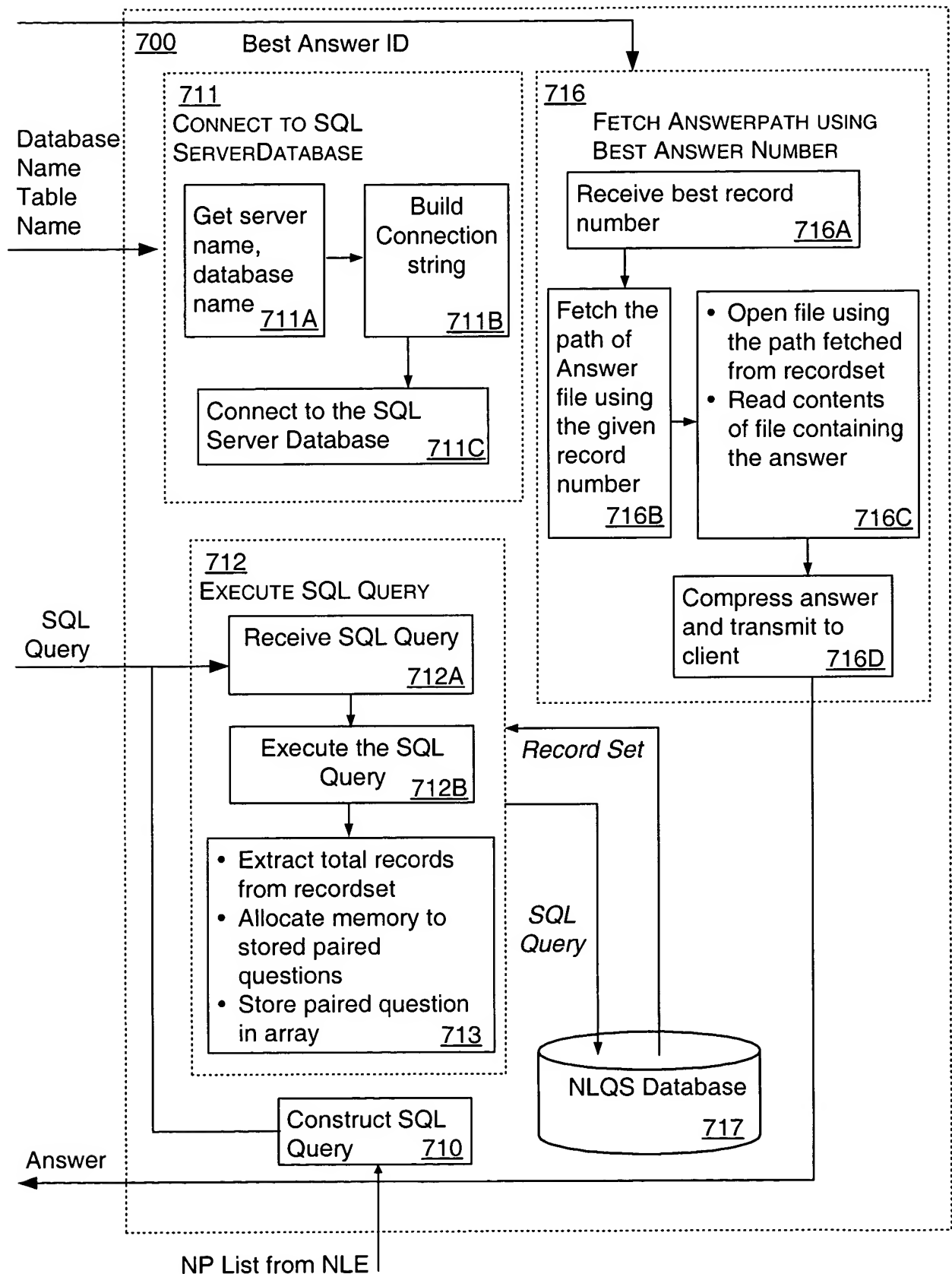
**Fig. 4B**

**Build of SQL Query**



# Fig. 4C

Server-side DBProcess DLL



# Fig. 4D

Note: PQ - Paired Question    Int rfac Logic between  
 NP- Noun Phrase            NLE and DBProcess.DLL  
 Red Line - I / O

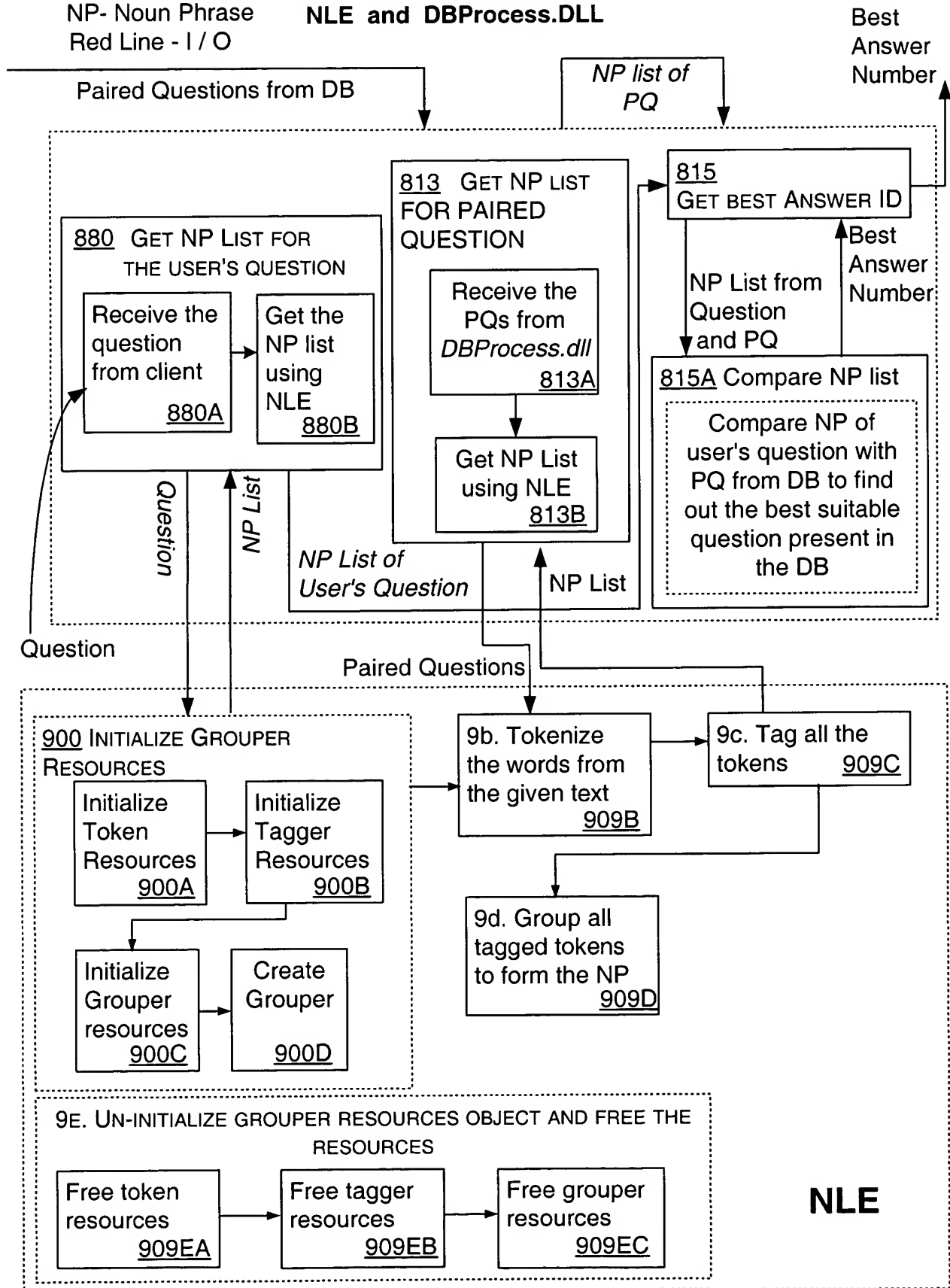


Fig. 5

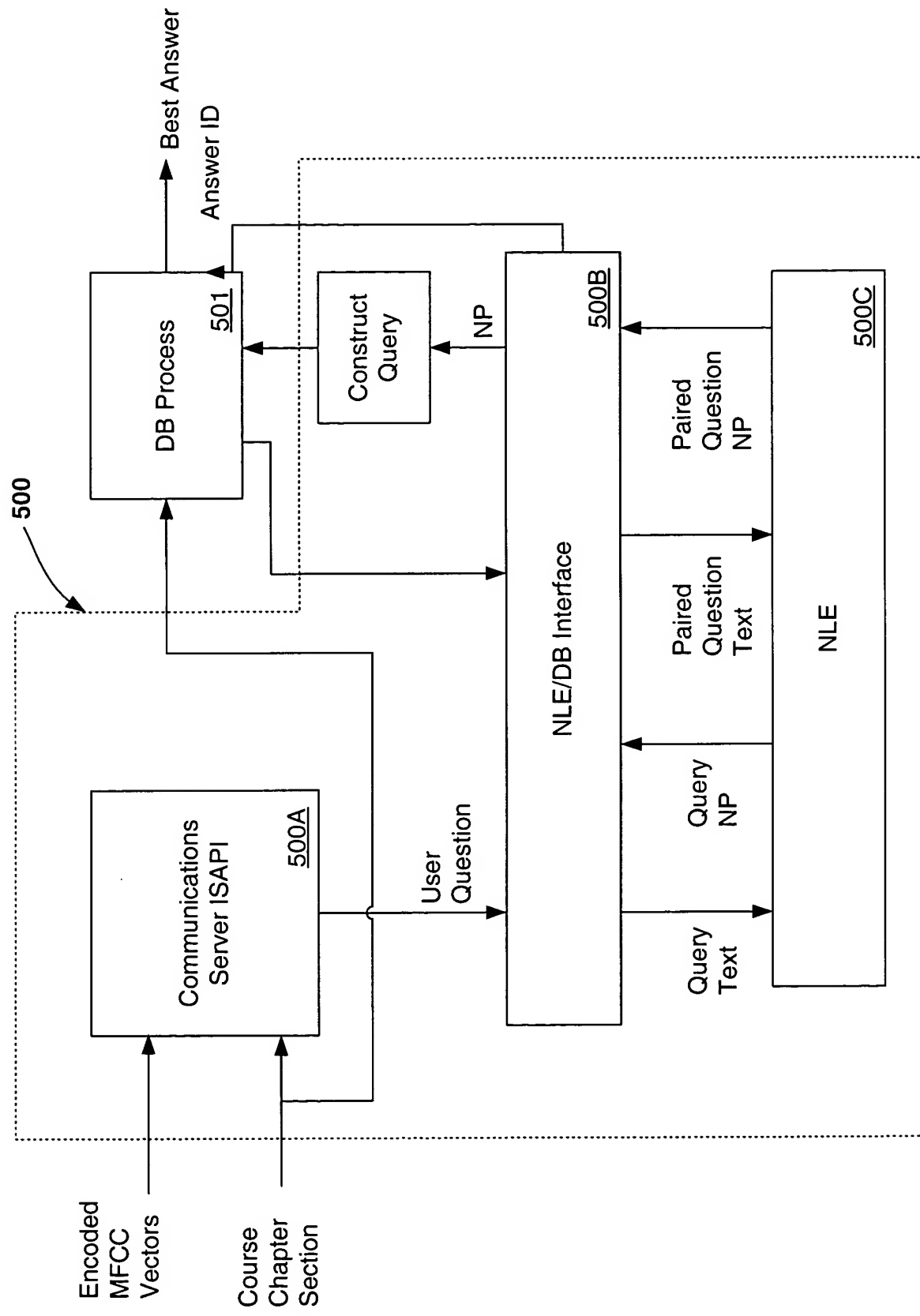
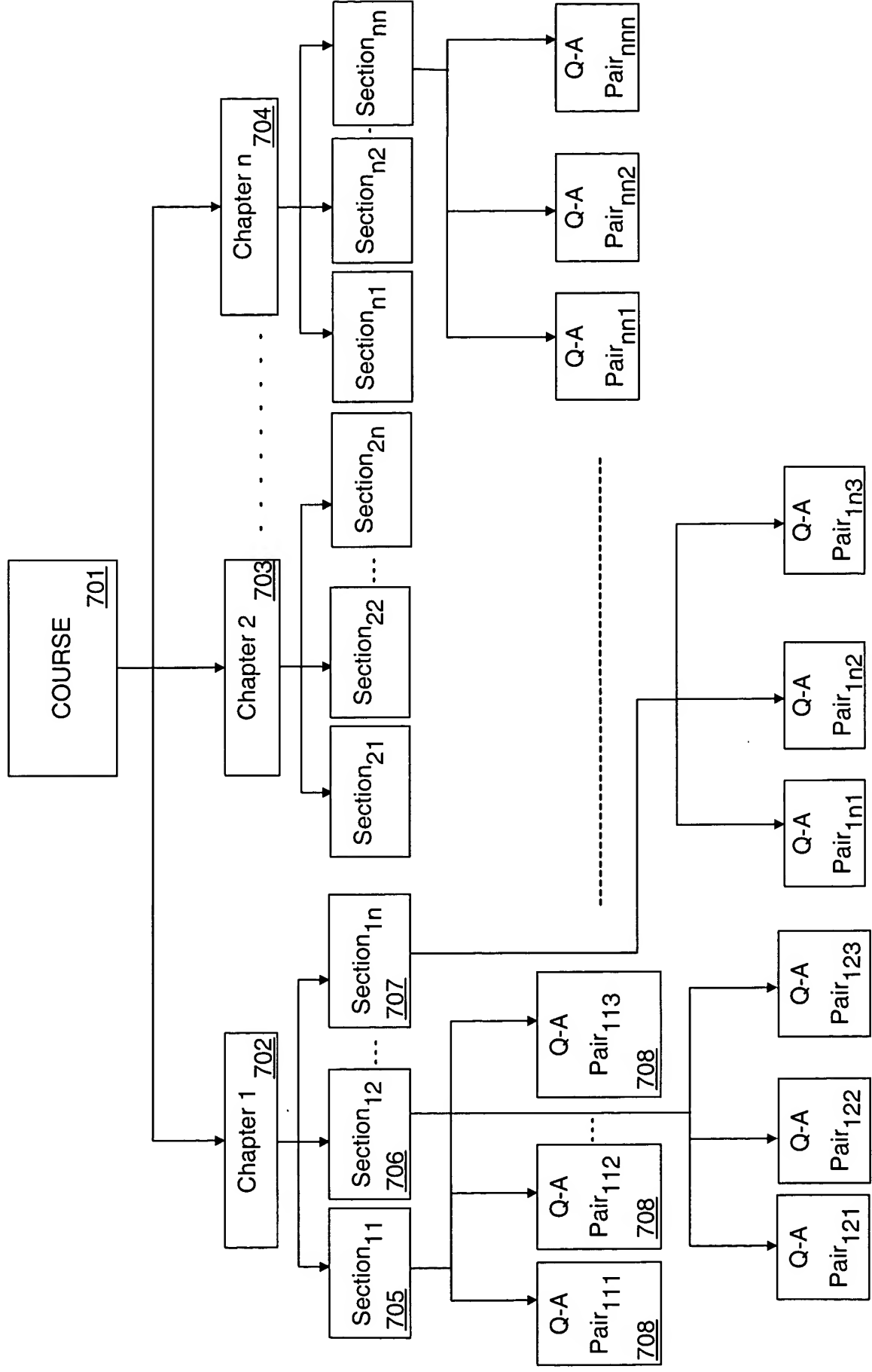


Fig.6



*Fig. 7A*

FIELD NAME <u>701A</u>	DATA TYPE <u>702A</u>	SIZE <u>703A</u>	NULL <u>704A</u>	PRIMARY KEY <u>705A</u>	INDEXED? <u>706A</u>
ChapterName <u>707A</u>	Varchar	255	No	No	Yes
SectionName <u>708A</u>	Varchar	255	No	No	Yes

Fig.7B

FIELD NAME <u>720</u>	DATA TYPE <u>721</u>	SIZE <u>722</u>	NULL <u>723</u>	PRIMARY KEY <u>724</u>	INDEXED? <u>725</u>
Chapter_ID <u>726</u>	Integer		No	Yes	Yes
Answer_ID <u>727</u>	Char	5	No	UNIQUE	Yes
Section_Name <u>728</u>	Varchar	255	No	UNIQUE	Yes
Answer_Title <u>729</u>	Varchar	255	Yes	No	Yes
PairedQuestion <u>730</u>	Text	16	No	No	Yes (Full-Text)
AnswerPath <u>731</u>	Varchar	255	No	No	Yes
Creator <u>732</u>	Varchar	50	No	No	Yes
Date_of_Creation <u>733</u>	Date	-	No	No	Yes
Date_of_Modification <u>734</u>	Date	-	No	No	Yes

Fig. 7C

Field	<u>720</u>	Description	<u>735</u>
AnswerID	<u>727</u>	An integer - automatically incremented for user convenience	
Section_Name	<u>728</u>	Name of section to which the particular record belongs. This field along with AnswerID has to be made primary key	
Answer_Title	<u>729</u>	A short description of the answer	
PairedQuestion	<u>730</u>	Contains one or more combinations of questions for the related answer whose path is stored in the next column AnswerPath	
AnswerPath	<u>731</u>	Contains the path of text file, which contains the answer to the related questions stored in the previous column	
Creator	<u>732</u>	Name of content creator	
Date_of_Creation	<u>733</u>	Date on which content has been added	
Date_of_Modification	<u>734</u>	Date on which content has been changed or modified	



*Fig. 7D*

FIELD	<u>740</u>	DATA TYPE	<u>741</u>	SIZE	<u>742</u>	NULL	<u>743</u>	PRIMARY KEY	<u>744</u>	INDEXED	<u>745</u>
Answer_ID	<u>746</u>	Char		5		No		Yes		Yes	
Answer_Title	<u>747</u>	Varchar		255		Yes		No		No	
PairedQuestion	<u>748</u>	Text		16		No		No		Yes (Full-Text)	
Answer_Path	<u>749</u>	Varchar		255		No		No		No	
Creator	<u>750</u>	Varchar		50		No		No		No	
Date_of_Creation	<u>751</u>	Date		-		No		No		No	
Date_of_Modification	<u>752</u>	Date		-		No		No		No	

Fig. 8

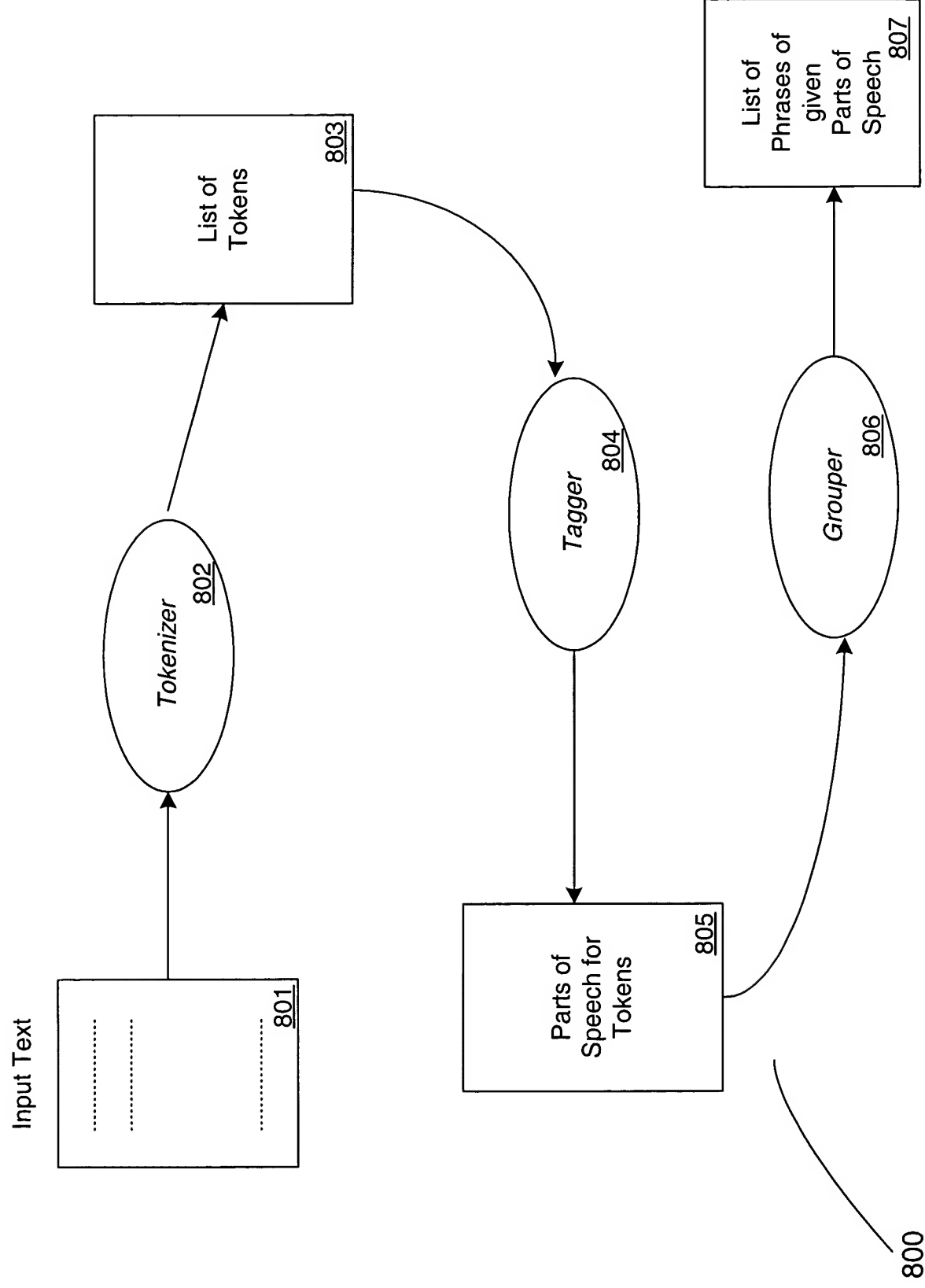


Fig. 9

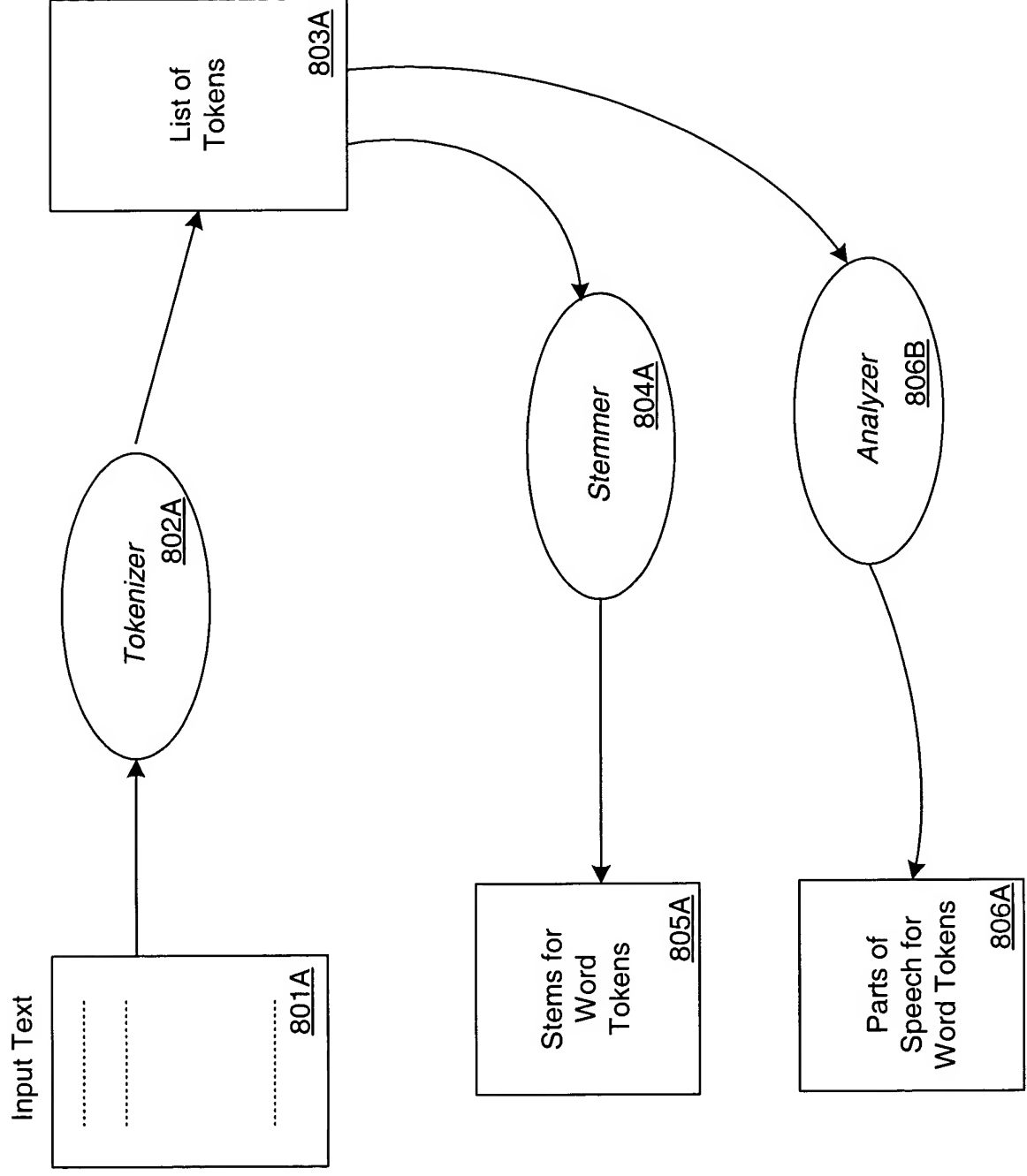
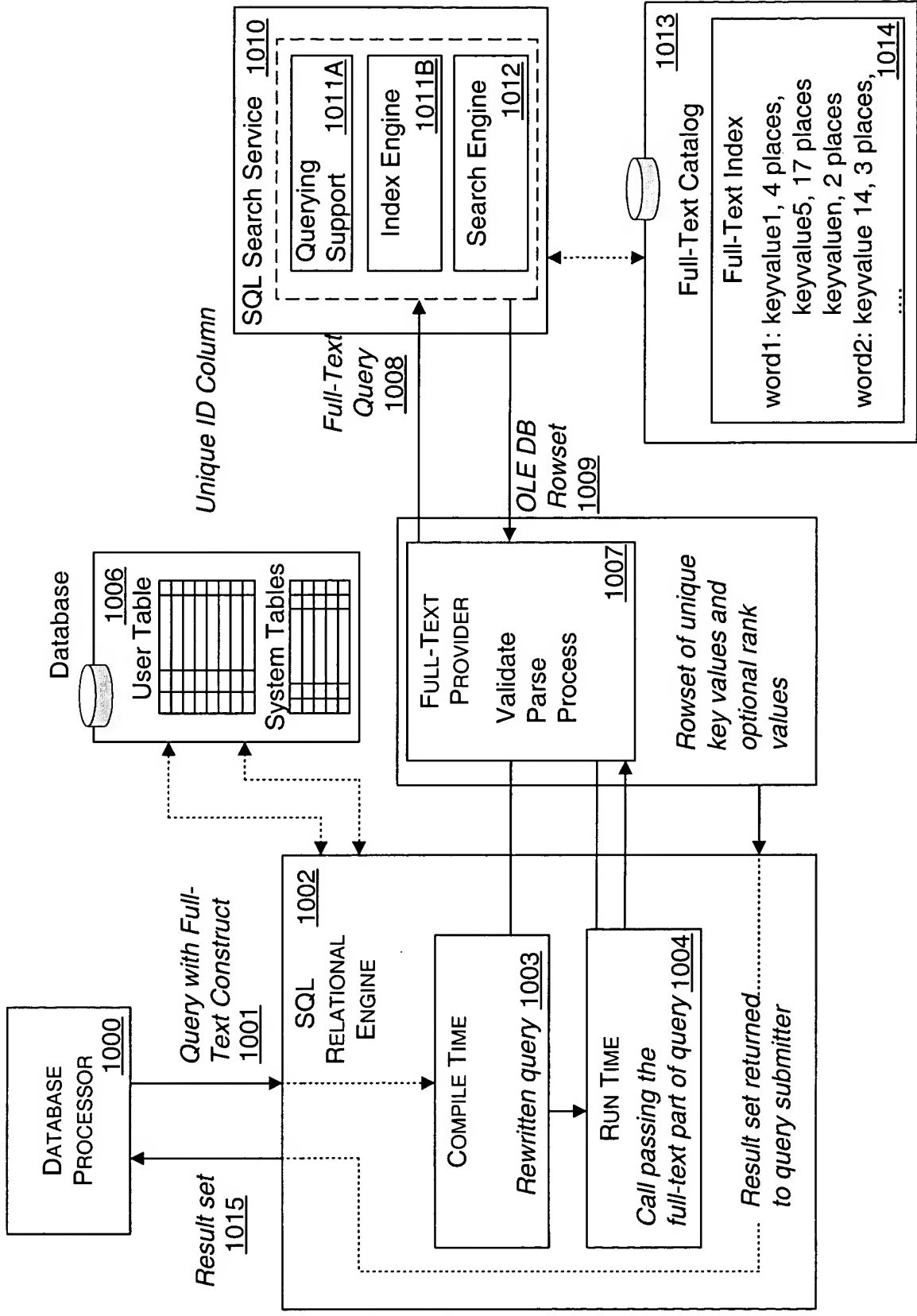
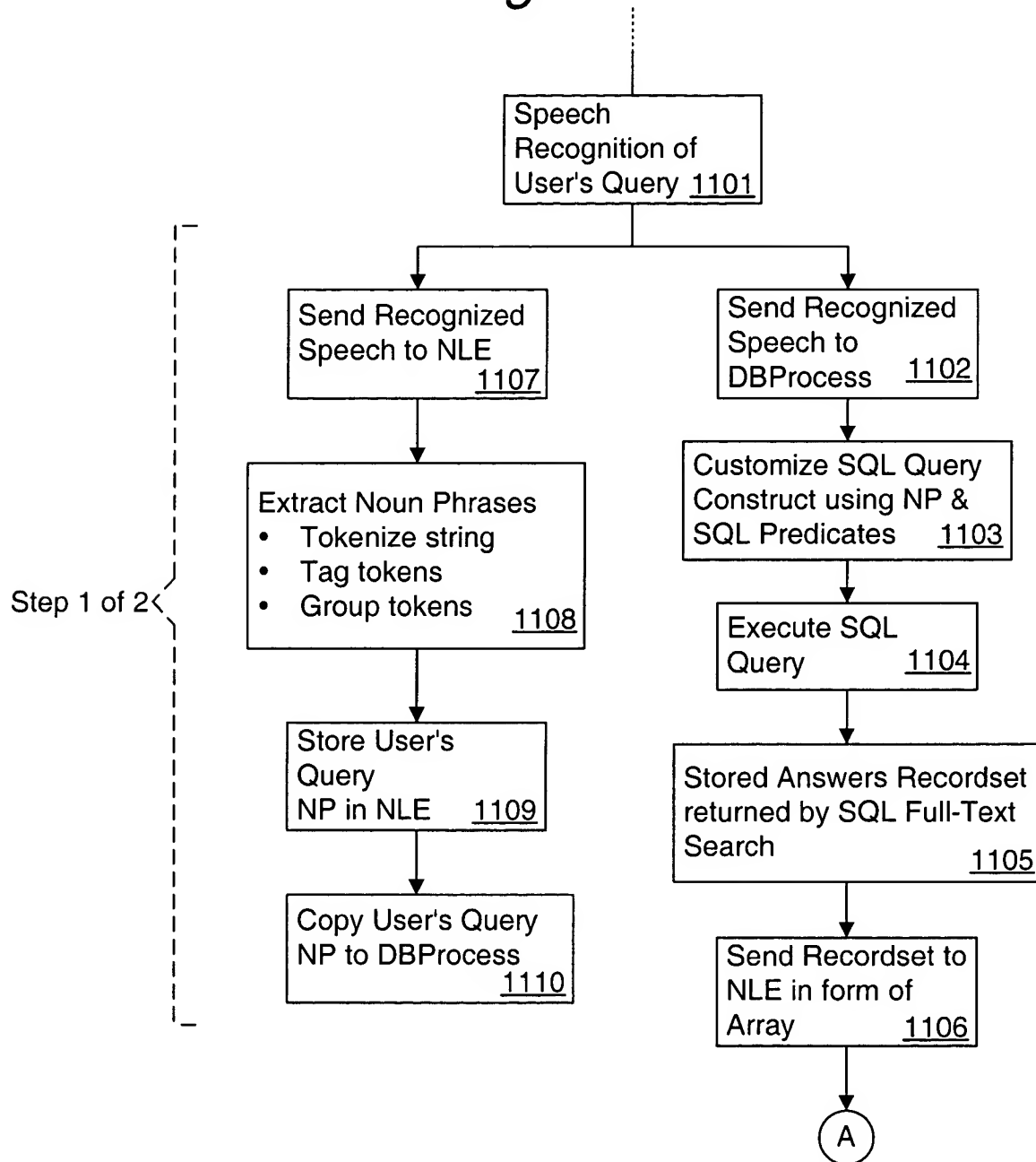


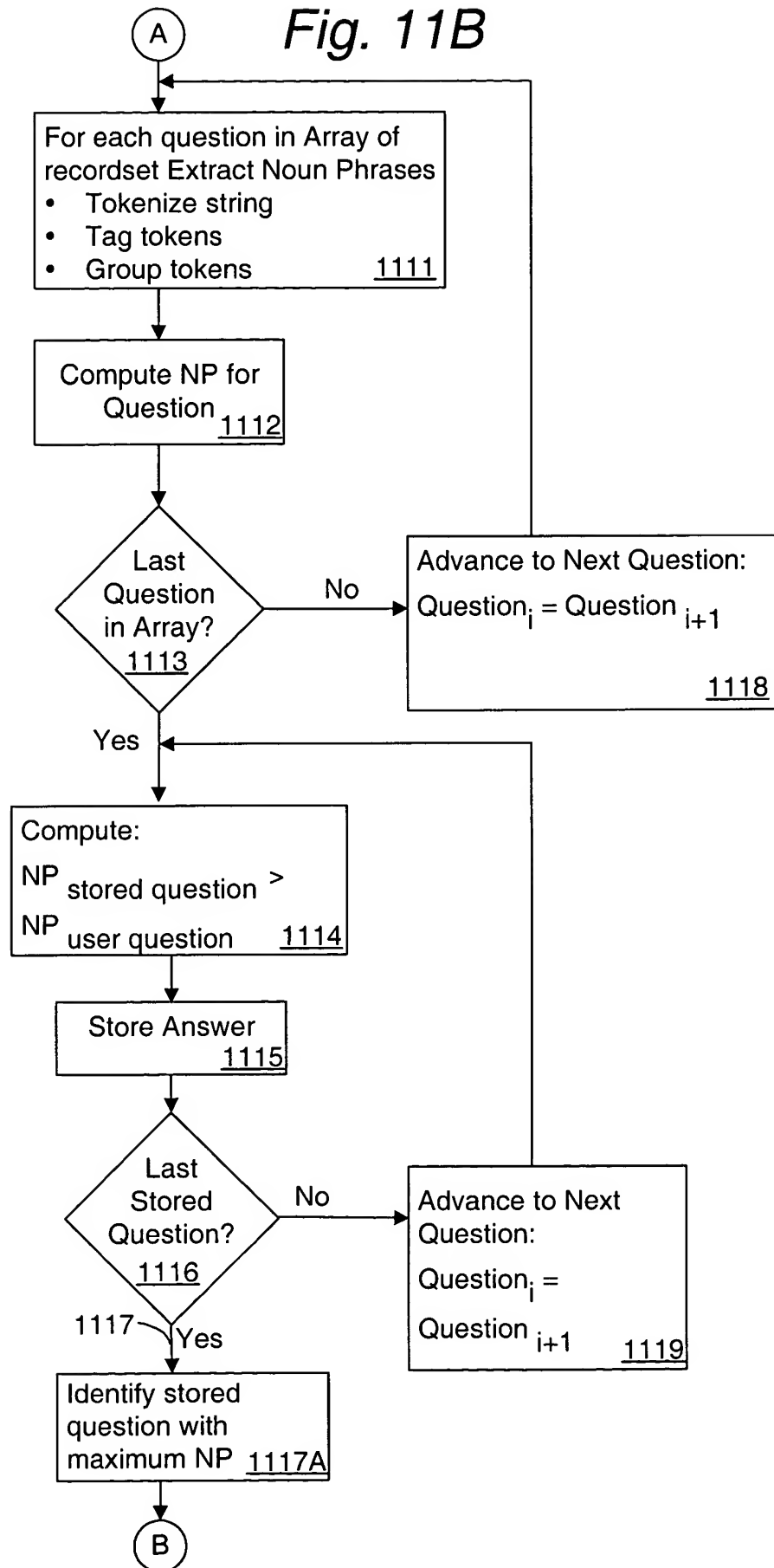
Fig. 10



*Fig. 11A*



*Fig. 11B*



*Fig. 11C*

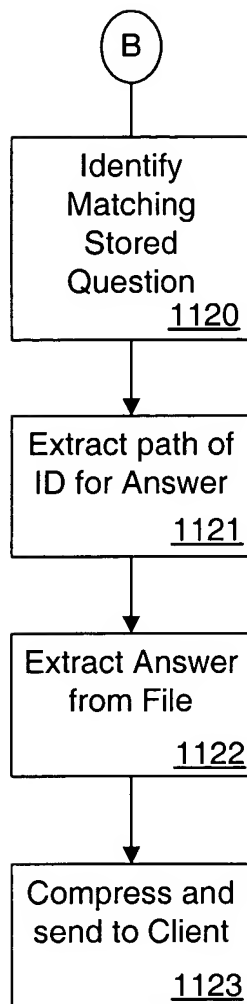


Fig. 12

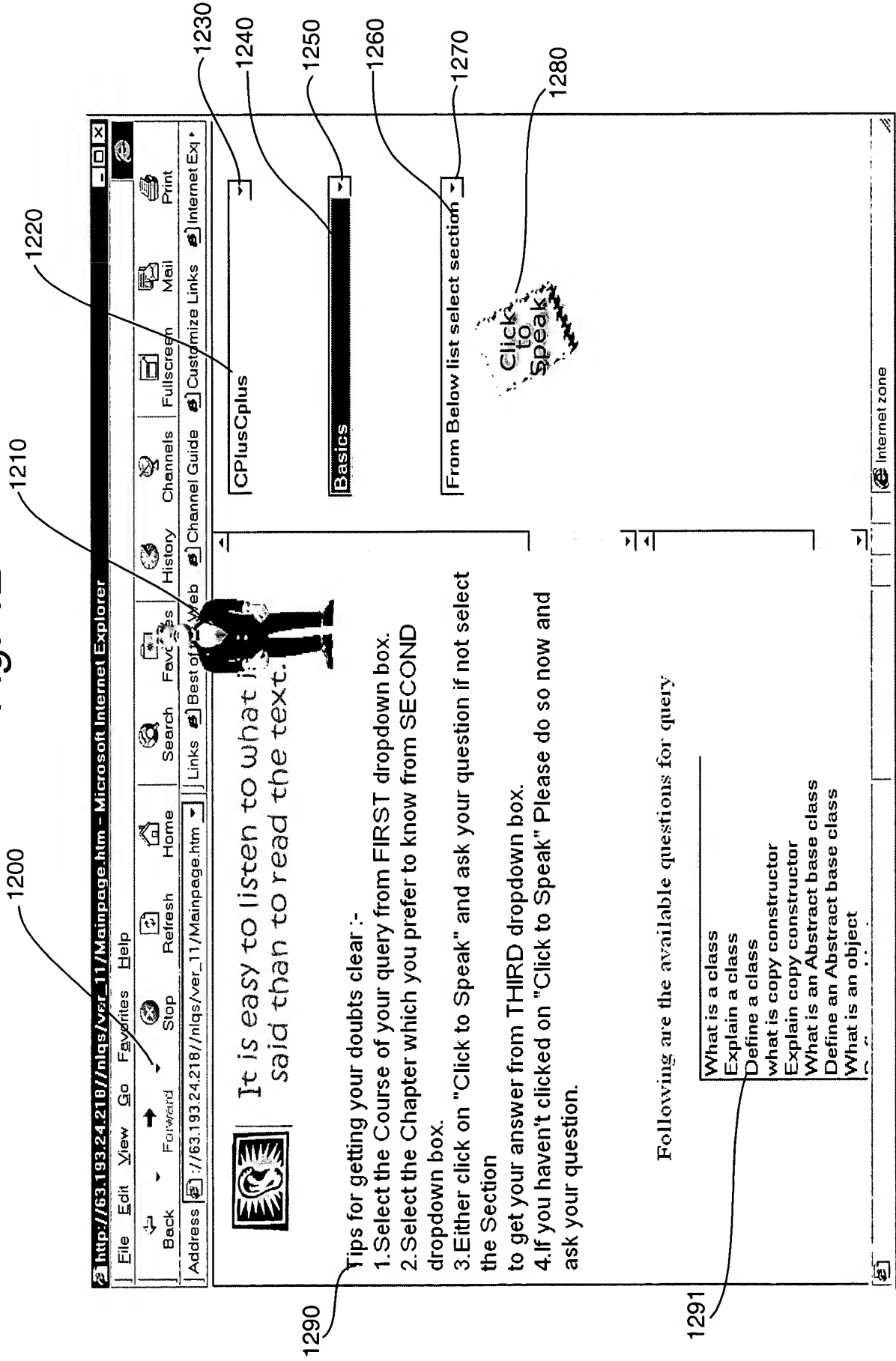




Fig. 13

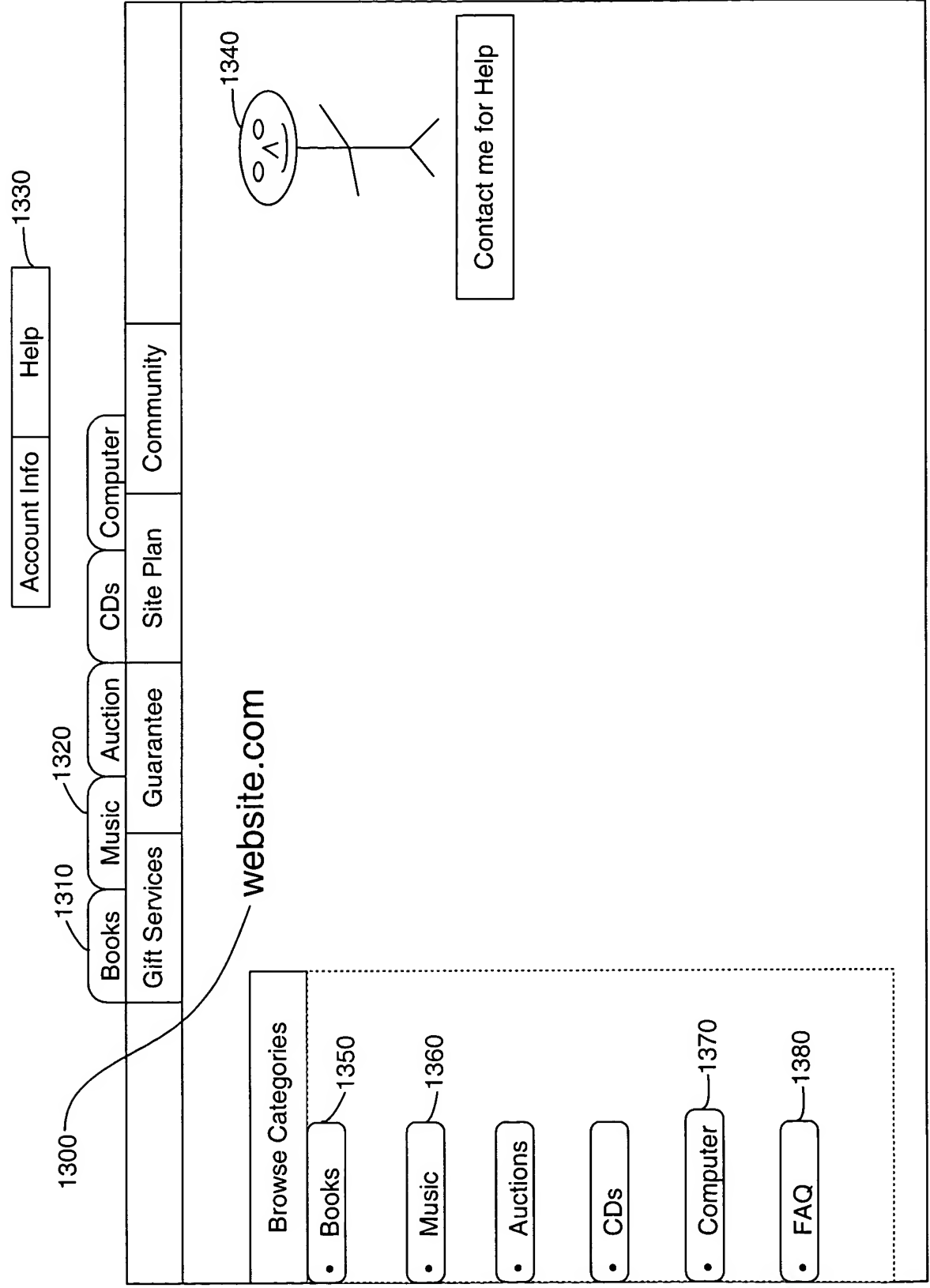


Fig. 14

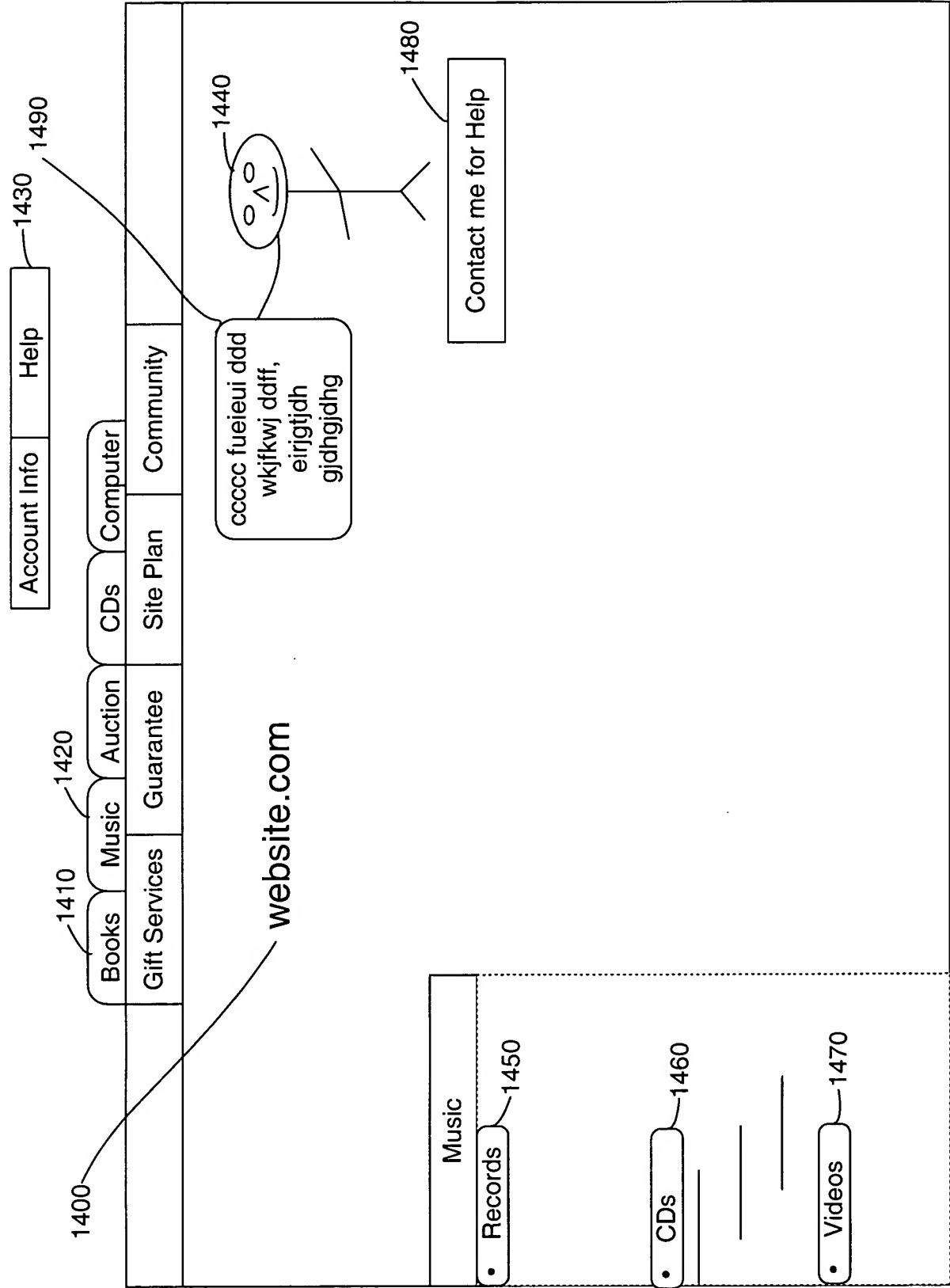


Fig. 15

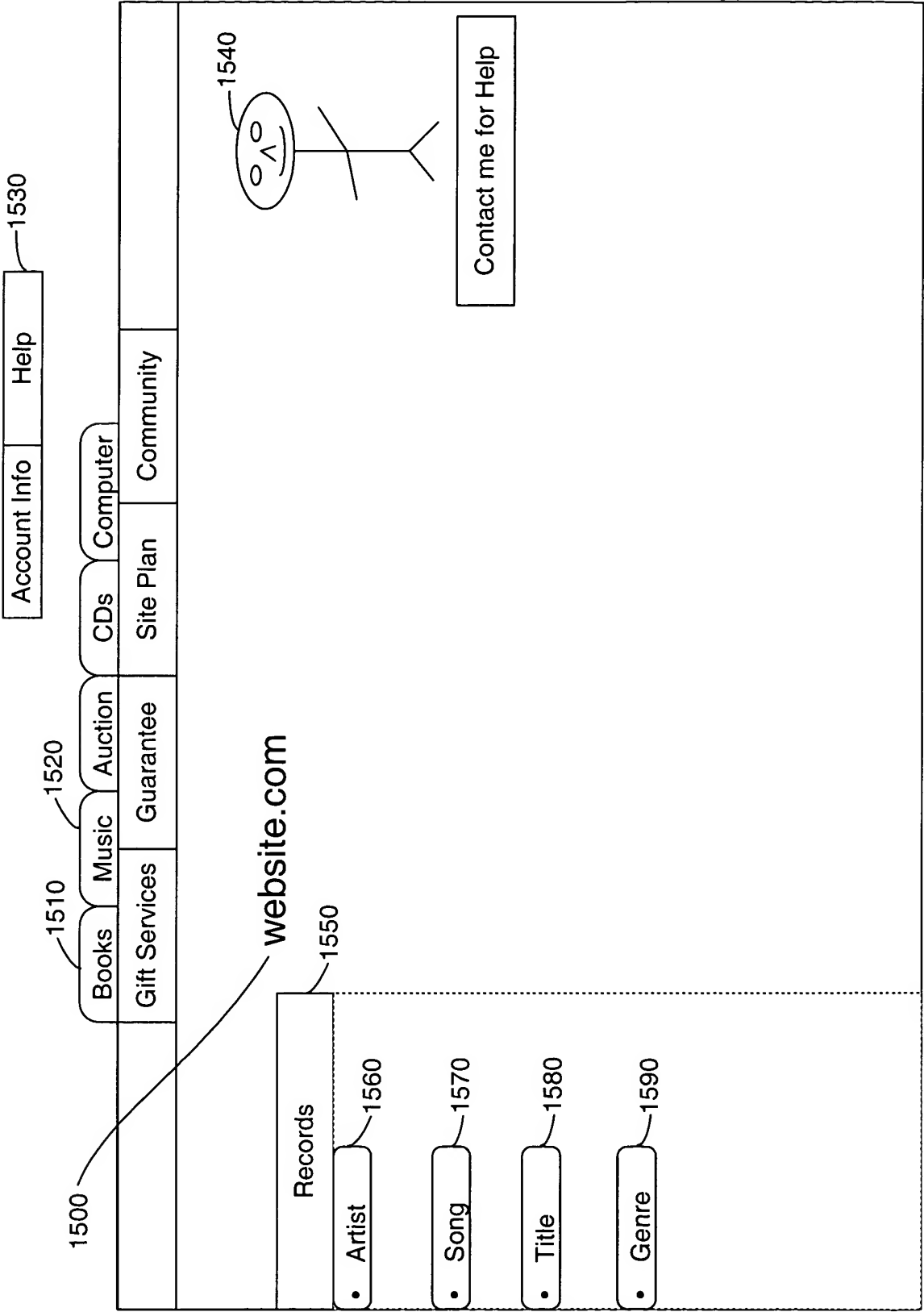


Fig. 16

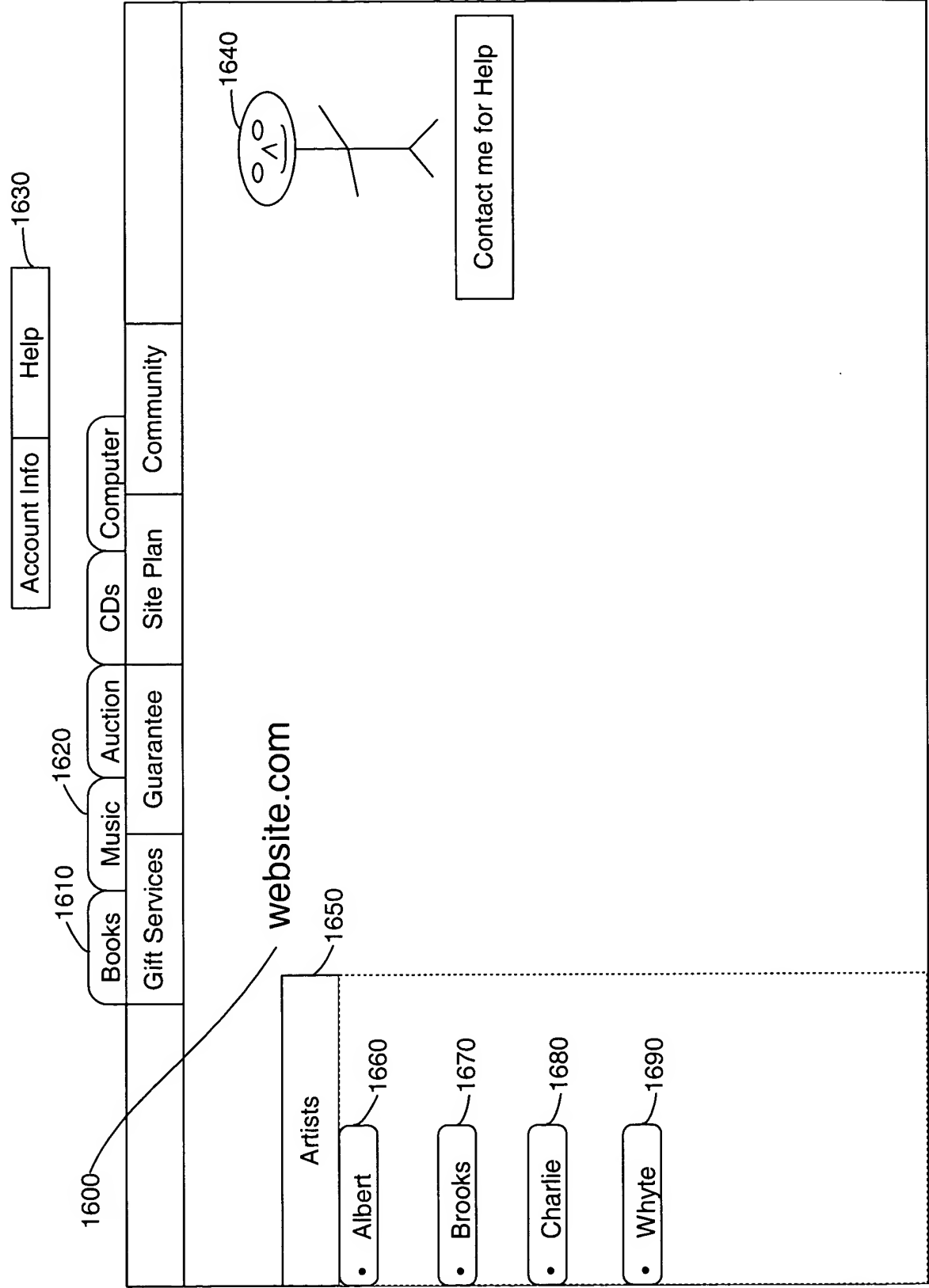


Fig. 17

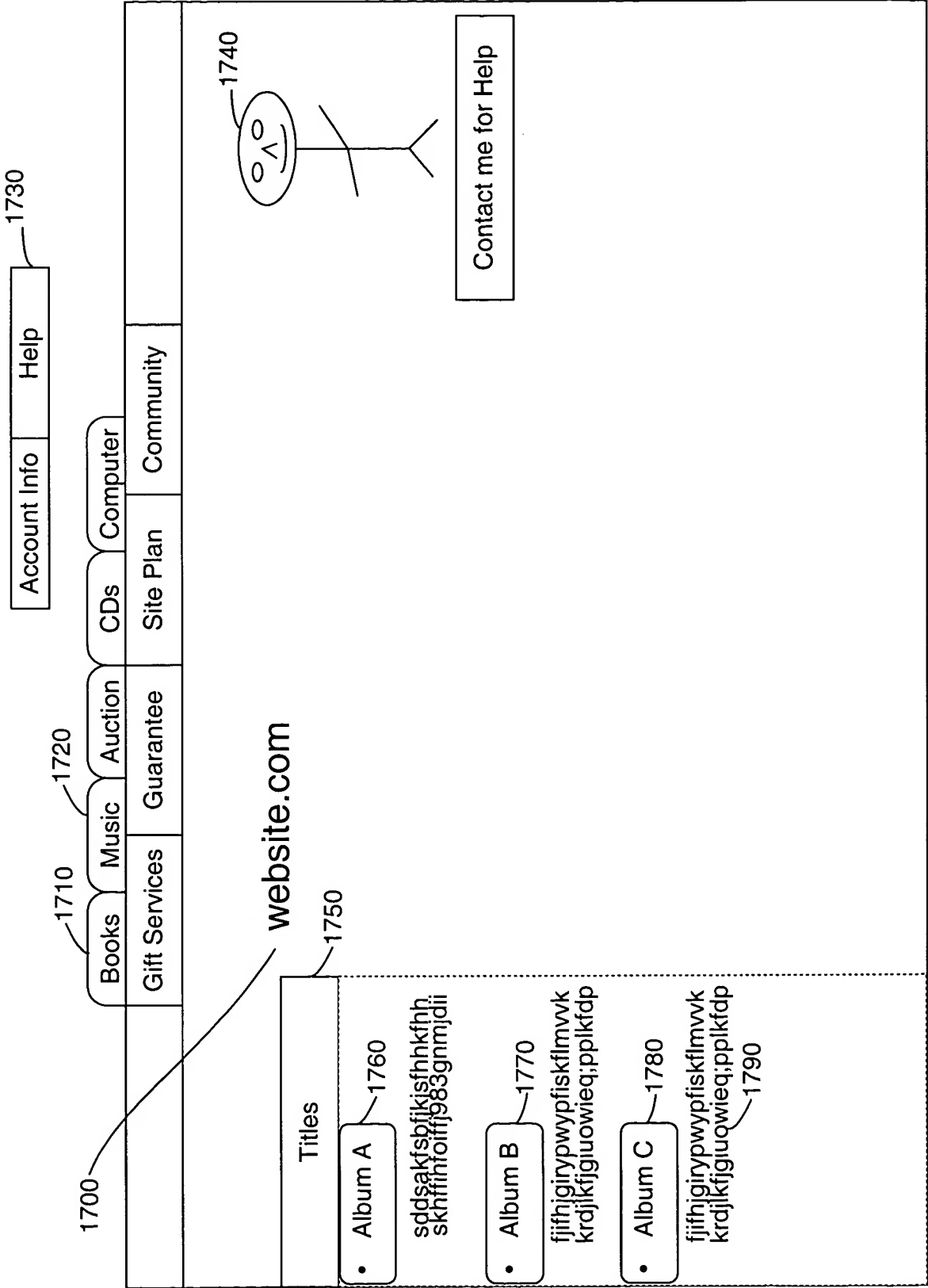


Fig. 18A

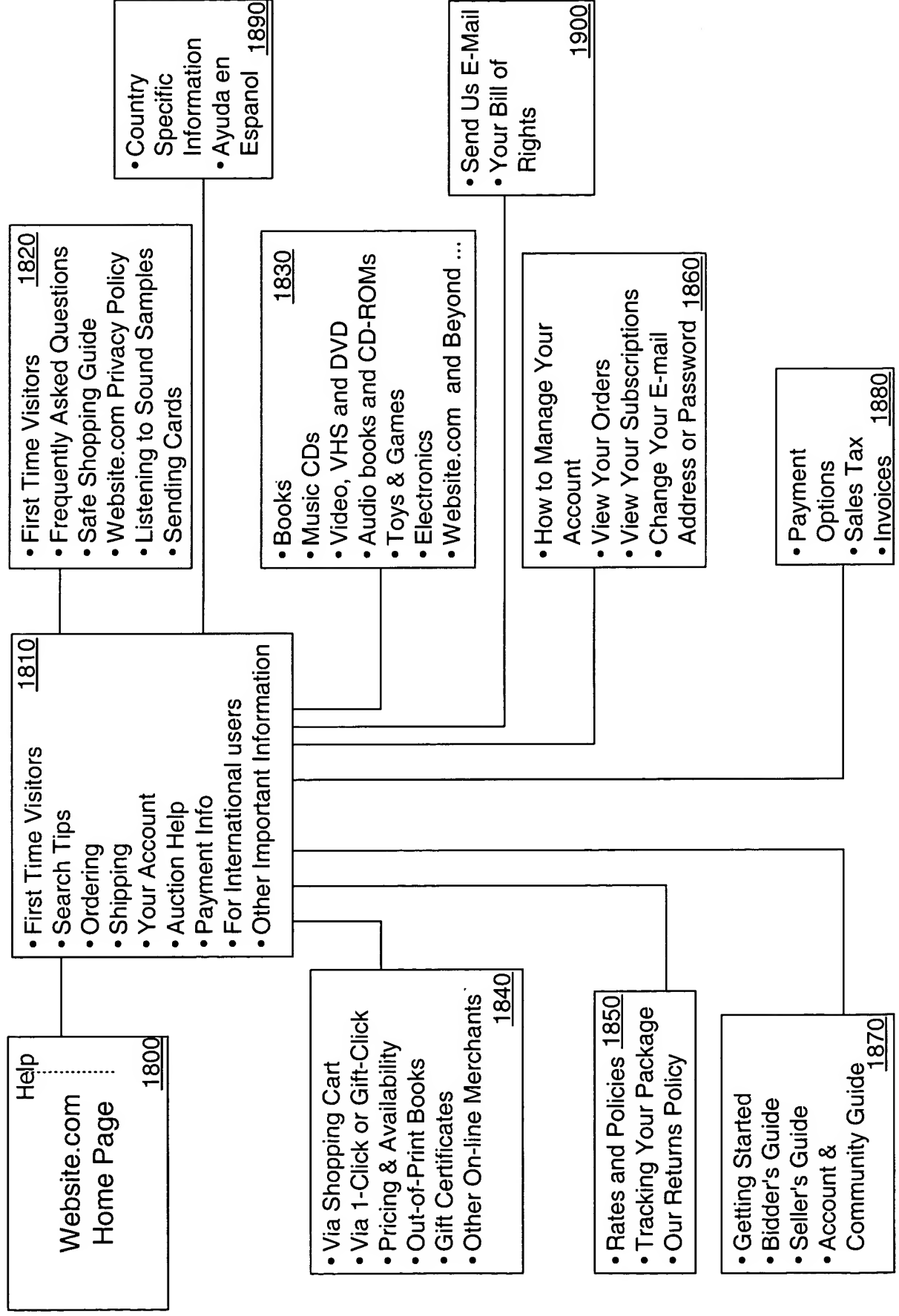
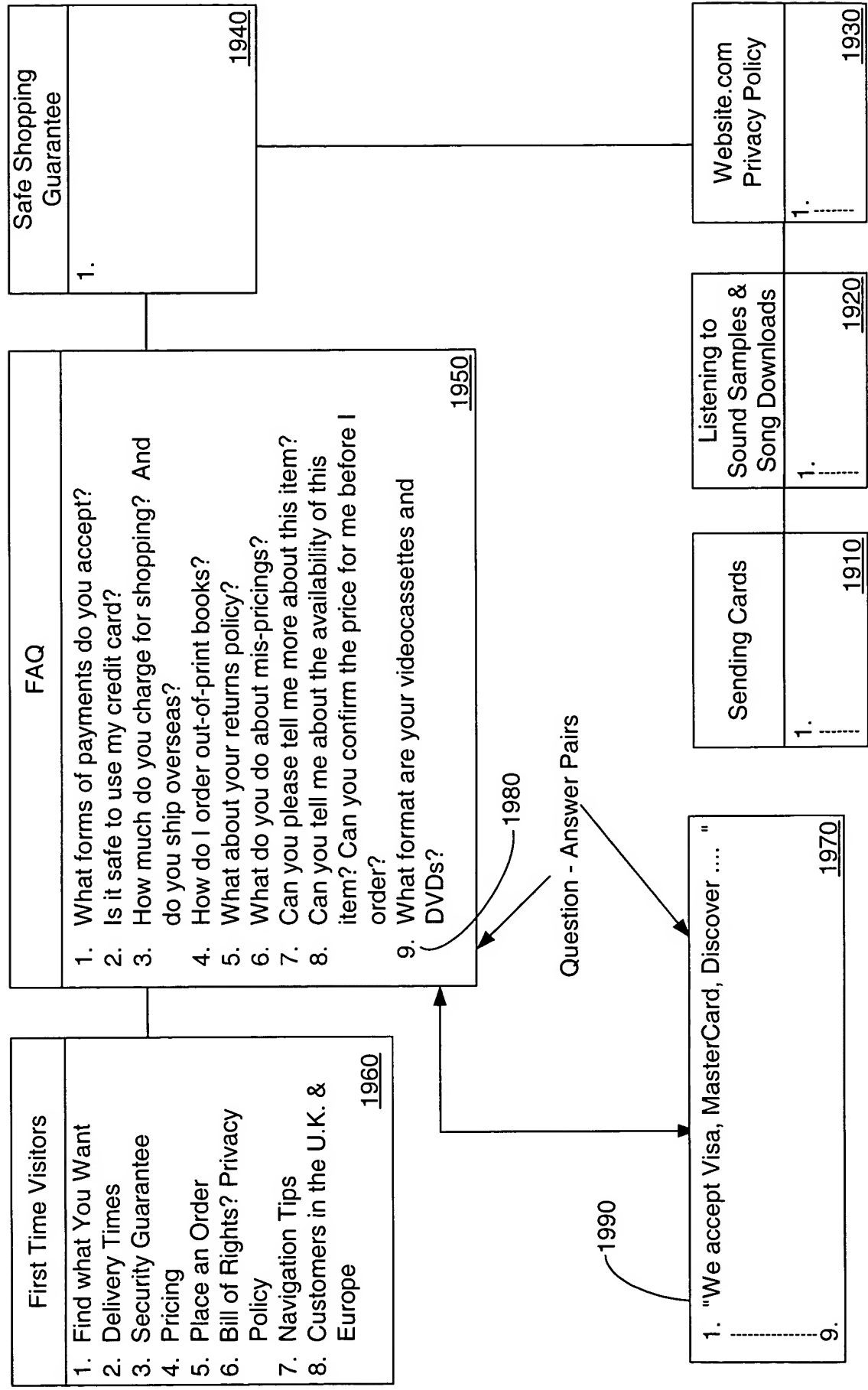
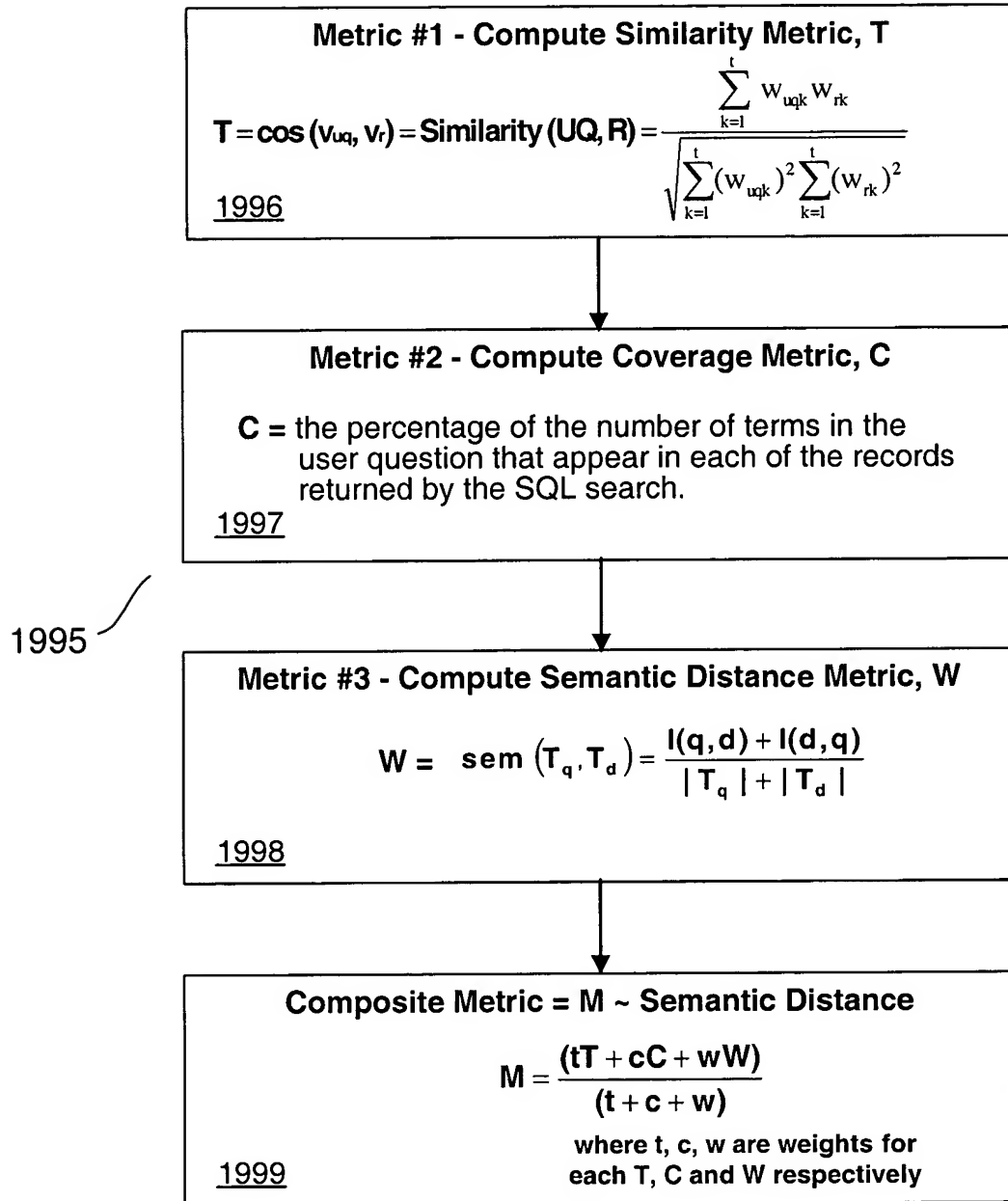


Fig. 18B



*Fig. 19*

Computing Semantic Distance  
between User Query and Stored Question





*Fig. 20*

Populating the Speech Lattice with  
Semantically Variant Questions

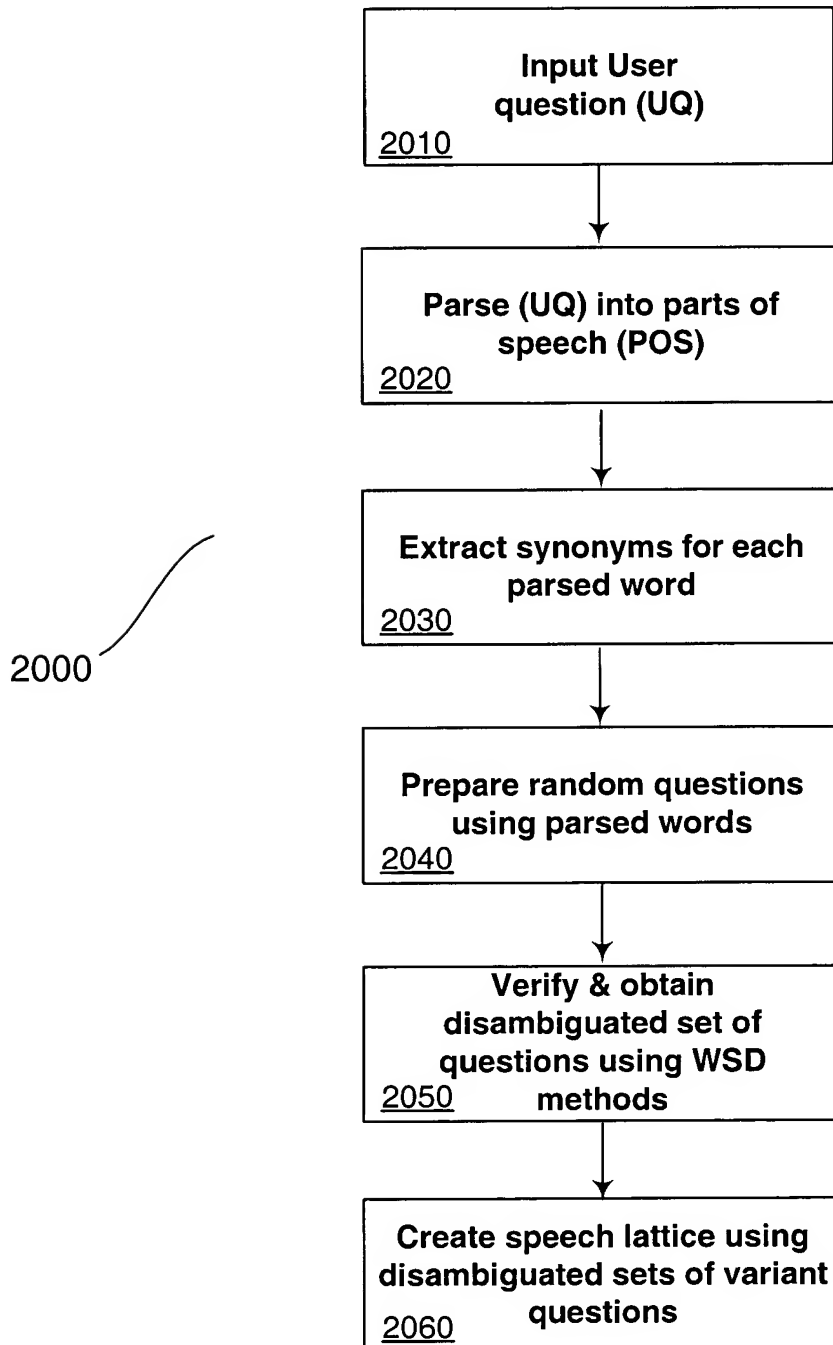


Fig. 21

## Integrated NLQS Algorithm that combines WordNet-based Semantic- and Statistics-based Processing

### Integrated NLE Algorithm: Statistics- and Semantic-based Natural Language Processing

1. Query the database using the **LIKE** predicate for the exact **UQ**.  
If there is a match, go to step 6
2. Decompose **UQ** into noun phrases, verbs and other parts of speech and store into array
3. Query the database using the **CONTAINS** predicate for **NPs** and **Nouns**
  - a. If the result set is == 0 then use **FREETEXT**
  - b. Else - If no return, go to WordNet semantic processing (no direct match)
    - c. If the result set is == 1 then go to step 6
    - d. Else if the result set is > 1 then go to step 4
4. Query the result set using the **CONTAINS** predicate for the next preferred part of speech - e.g. **Verbs**, then **Adjectives**, then **Adverbs**
  - a. If the result set is == 0 then revert to the previous **PQ** list and go to step 5.
  - b. If the result set is == 1 then go to step 6
  - c. Else if the result set is > 1 then repeat 4 with the next part of speech e.g. adjective
5. Now decompose the remaining **PQs** using NLE parser into the various parts of speech. Then do comparisons of the **NPs**, **Verbs** between the **PQs** and the **UQ**. Select the **PQ** with the highest score. Go to step 6 with selected **PQ**
6. Return the answer corresponding to the selected question (**UQ** or **PQ**)
7. If more than 2 questions have the same rank, then go to WordNet semantic processing